

# India

## Introduction :

India is a big country, It's the second populated country of the world after China. India is a big country because there are 1,2 billion habitants and maybe 1,49 in 2026. They are 417037 electors, 410000000 urban population, 1652 langages but just speaks by 10 millions and 30 speaked by 1 million but there are 17 langages officials. We can find 29 states and 7 union territoeries. They are five elements to understand India :

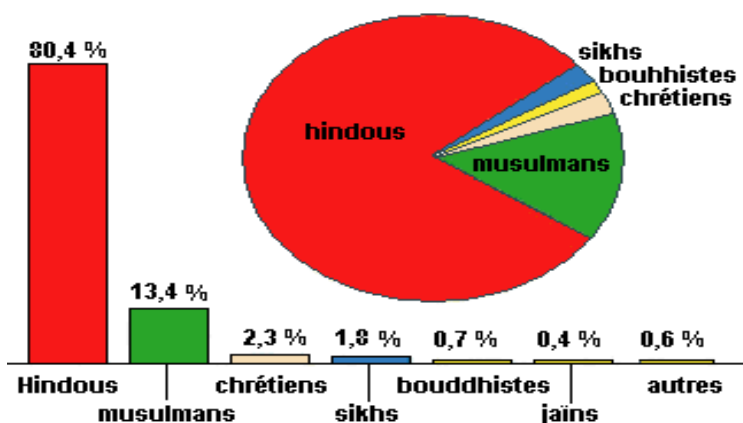
- It's diversity in every domains
- the deft of culture
- a land of minorities
- interaction with rural and urban
- the coexistence of poverty, the spirituality and modernity.

We are going to speak about their culture and inequalities between indians.

## 1) Culture

India have a very special culture. Yes, in fact, there a lot of religions but the most famous are :

- hindouism with 966 millions of believers
- jainism with 4,4 millions of believers
- buddhism with 8,4 millions of believers
- sikhism with 20,8 millions of believers



**India is famous for the cinema too. There is the biggest cinema studio of the world called “Bollywood”.**

**Bollywood is a contraction of Bombay and Hollywood. Every year, 1000 movies are produced, it's twice more than Hollywood with 500 movies by year.**

**Bollywood is a symbol of cinema.**



## **2) Inequalities**



**This picture show the inequalities in the big city . Infact, there is a big difference between downtown and periphery. We can see a poor hood at the periphery and sky-scrapples in the downtown. The picture of this city represent a lot of cities in India, “ Downtown for richs and hood for poors”. Moreover, middle class in India is considered like poor.**

**<http://www.axl.cefan.ulaval.ca/asie/images/inde-religions-2015.gif>**  
**<https://www.annabac.com/sites/annabac.com/files/depot/images/2014/roo-tpbatAnnabacHistoireGeacuteographieTleSproot/b235216a0d>**